Sort

Sort[list] sorts the elements of list into canonical order.

Example: Sort[{b, c, a}] → {a, b, c}. Canonical order has several properties. Smaller numbers of a particular type come first. Symbols are ordered lexicographically according to their textual names. Strings are ordered lexicographically. Shorter expressions come first. Sort can be used on expressions with any head, not necessarily List. See page 103. See also: Order, OrderedQ, Orderless.